THE ROLE OF FAMILY IN SPIRITUAL AND MORAL FORMATION OF PERSONALITY AT THE BASIC LEVEL OF ONTOGENESIS

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The results of theoretical understanding of the problem of family influence on the spiritual and moral formation of children of preschool age. Spiritual and moral development while the authors consider as an important feature of optimal personal development. Based on the analysis of foreign studies (A. Adler, W. James, J. Kelly, A. Maslow, G. Allport, etc.) and domestic (B.G. Anan’ev, A.A. Volumes of L.S. Vygotsky, A.G. Kovalev, A.F. Lazursky, M.I. Lisin, V.N. Myassischev, etc.) scientists we have identified: subjectivity relations, awareness activities, sustainability of socially significant traits and personality. Factor, largely contributing to the process of personality development, including its spirituality and morality, is a society. Based on the specifics of early childhood, which objectively relates to basic levels of ontogenetic development, in this society, determining the success of personal development is the family. That family is the conduit of those moral, spiritual, ethical, values beliefs and attitudes, which further will determine the lifestyle and thinking of today’s baby. However, crises typical of modern family (the destruction of the foundations of family traditions and family upbringing; the leveling of the moral views on marriage and the family, and traditional ideas about parenting; many problems of the childhood, often caused by the violation of the traditions of education of children in the family) have a negative impact on the education of spirituality and morals of children. Development of psycho-pedagogical activities, optimizing the process of spiritually-moral education of the child in the family – the aim of our further research.

Keywords: personality, social-personal development, spiritual and moral formation

One of the urgent problems not only of psychology and pedagogy, but also philosophy, cultural studies, sociology, history and many other Sciences was and remains the problem of personality.

Analyzing the approaches of scientists to the concept of “personality”, we are in one of his works was considered possible to allocate some basic items which, from our point of view, the maximum reveal the essence of this phenomenon. As such grounds, we highlight the fact that:
1) the person is a human individual as a subject of relations and conscious activity;
2) personality is a stable system of socially significant features that characterize an individual as a member of either society or community;
3) identity is a socially active personality” [6, p. 19].

In other words, a person in our sense, is a person actively and consciously manifests itself in the relationship with the surrounding world and the people around him.

However, according to B.F. Lomov [4], the personality is a product of the society in which man lives and with which he actively engages. It is society, society has a direct and often decisive influence on the development of personality, formation of its value system, spirituality and ethics, moral and ethical principles. This idea finds objective evidence in numerous studies of foreign (A. Adler, W. James, J. Kelly, A. Maslow, G. Allport, etc.) and domestic (B.G. Anan’ev, A.A. Volumes of L.S. Vygotsky, A.G. Kovalev, A.F. Lazursky, M.I. Lisin, V.N. Myassischev, etc.) scientists.

But is the society, the environment has a positive impact on the person?

If it was always that we would not talk about the fact that our society is experiencing a moral crisis that people are largely deprived of the human and are on the verge of social catastrophe. In confirmation of this conclusion we refer to the work of L.A. Surikovoy [9], which notes that a characteristic of the modern stage of development of our society is the aggravation of the crisis in moral and spiritual development not only of society as a whole and each member individually.

Awareness of this problem actualizes the search of means and ways of effective influence not only on the process of development of personality in society, but also on the transformation of society itself, refocusing on spirituality, morality, humanity, and value a culture of interaction.

Special attention, in our opinion, deserves the solution of this problem in relation to the provision of optimal conditions for personality development at the basic level of ontogeny, that is in early and preschool childhood when the foundations of personality and people sensitive to the development of social experience which it encounters, communicating with the world around him. The importance of developing the spirituality and morality of childhood is proved not only by the results of research
1. The destruction of the foundations of family traditions and family upbringing. First of all it concerns the leveling of centuries of evolving in the history of Russian hierarchy of family relations and traditions of the lifestyle of the family. Here you can talk about, if not complete destruction, of a significant violation of intergenerational relations: the modern the younger generation often ceases to respect elders, respectfully applies to them, but unquestioning obedience and obedience to parents is almost a thing of the past. On change to it’s active opposition, the confrontation between the experienced and the young generations that cannot be considered a positive influence on spiritual and moral development of young people.

2. Has changed dramatically, and not for the better, moral ideas about marriage and family. As he writes in one of his works of V.V. Zenkovsky [2], “bracing effects of the family, not lost and not rejected by the gracious power of the sacrament of marriage, often unnoticed, and sometimes pauses as if paralyzed counter bad influence on the child nesamani environment”, And the author is absolutely right! In today’s world almost ceased to exist, and to be an expression of love, loyalty, spiritual unity relations between spouses, that objectively leads to a catastrophic number razvodov. According to statistics, breaks up more than 40% of marriages [7]. The value of family and marriage among young people is practically absent [7, 8]. Lost and the traditional notion of parenthood. Raising children is perceived by many people as a heavy and unwanted burden. The consequence of these changes the consciousness of people becomes either the birth of “unwanted”, unplanned children, who often live with the parents or social orphans become street children, or such children, the parents just get rid, interrupting the pregnancy, by encroaching on the lives though not born but of man. As a result, almost 60-ies of XX century we are actively talking about a demographic catastrophe, the decline in the birth rate. But no social programs, which is currently quite a lot yet to change the situation failed. Speaking about this aspect, we are discussing the problem, the British pediatrician and child psychoanalyst D.V. Winnicott [1] suggests that, despite the fact that parental love is an innate biological components, it is cultural and historical, changing phenomenon, influenced by social norms and values. Lost the value of childhood as an important period in the life of human society, and as an objective consequence – children cease to be valuable for their
parents. And even before getting married, people tend not to their birth. The desire of many modern people not focused on achieving success in the field of parenting, and the success in the implementation plan of the cult of life material well-being. But who is not a parent of his care, attention, unconditional love to the child will help him understand what he needed, valuable, and meaningful to them????!! A special role here, of course, belongs to the mother. However, as noted by Suvorova O.V., Cheremisova I.V., Mamonova E.B. “the crisis of family values affects the parental attitude and parental attitude to the child, first of all, on the emotional relation to mother-to-child” [10].

3. Another crisis phenomenon typical for the modern family we highlight the many and varied challenges of childhood. The leveling of older spiritual and moral canons and standards of behavior objectively leads to significant violations in the field of behavioral manifestations of children: they have not formed a system of moral standards and patterns of behavior; and children can not and do not want to coordinate their behavior with the system of rules and moral standards that exists in society. The worst thing is that it often leads not only to deformation of spirituality, morality of the child, numerous abnormalities in the development of his emotional, and behavioral areas, but also to the deviations in the intellectual development, up to organic, very serious pathologies.

4. The traditions of education in the family are violated. Not wishing to listen to the advice of the older generation, the recommendations of grandmothers and grandparents who have the experience of educating their own children, young parents show amazing imagination in the matter of raising children. The most negative is that it affects the spiritual and moral development of the kids. Having no idea of the laws, features, mechanisms of education of spirituality, the morality of the child, and resorting to moralizing, reproaches, notations, instead of showing the child an example of spirituality and morality with his own relationships, the family often becomes simply unable to carry out this effective process. Institutions of public education, for example, pre-school educational organizations, can not radically change the situation and restore the traditional values of the family and upbringing in the family of children. Not able to solve this problem and socio-cultural space, media. As noted by O.M. Potapov [5], media topics of educational nature, primarily – problems of education of children in the family, climb rarely and haphazardly.

Is there a way out of this situation? No doubt – there!

The first thing, from our point of view, it is necessary to say, is about the organization of purposeful work on formation of motivation of parenthood to those who can and should physiologically be parents. We believe that only sustained effort, focused on comprehensive upbringing of absolute love for the child (even if it is in a distant projection) will allow to move towards solutions to these challenges.

Not less important is the organization of purposeful and systematic assistance in matters spiritual and moral formation of children to those families that already have children.

Development and experimental approbation of the program for parents to help them in the education of spirituality and morals of children in the family context we define for ourselves the purpose of our future activities. The emphasis will be on spiritual and moral education of children of secondary school age – of the age of transition from the youngest preschooler to the eldest and, from our point of view, the most favorable for the education of the heart and soul of the child.

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